

Viscous Liquid Flow Past an Obstacle at Arbitrary Reynolds Number

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Lecture 1-2:

In this short two-lecture course, I shall provide a ride through one of the oldest and most investigated problems in fluid mechanics, namely, the motion of a viscous liquid past a rigid obstacle. Assuming that the flow is uniform at large spatial distance (infinity) from the body, I will be mainly focused on the determination of the flow characteristics for Reynolds numbers, Re , of arbitrary size. Thus, besides the basic issue of existence, the latter will include the occurrence of (multiple) steady and time-periodic bifurcating solutions, along with a quick (and, unfortunately, to date still incomplete) glance at the behavior in the limit of very large Re . A number of open questions ("doable" and "un-doable") will also be presented. Notice that, as Re increases further and rapidly, the liquid is, figuratively speaking, put "under a lot of pressure", in that it has hastily to decide what is the most convenient motion to perform, in order to allocate/distribute all the energy that is pumped in. This explains the relation between my lectures and the title of the School.